

WEST Search History

[Hide Items](#)[Restore](#)[Clear](#)[Cancel](#)

DATE: Thursday, November 02, 2006

Hide? Set Name Query**Hit Count***DB=PGPB,USPT; PLUR=YES; OP=OR*

| | | | |
|--------------------------|----|--|-----|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | L3 | (naja adj naja or venom adj ngf or venom adj nerve adj growth adj factor) | 220 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | L2 | L1 and (naja adj naja or venom adj ngf or venom adj nerve adj growth adj factor) | 2 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | L1 | ADESH | 182 |

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:ssptacmb1647

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

* * * * * Welcome to STN International * * * * *

NEWS 1 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS 2 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS 3 AUG 09 INSPEC enhanced with 1898-1968 archive
NEWS 4 AUG 28 ADISCTI Reloaded and Enhanced
NEWS 5 AUG 30 CA(SM)/CAPplus(SM) Austrian patent law changes
NEWS 6 SEP 11 CA/CAPplus enhanced with more pre-1907 records
NEWS 7 SEP 21 CA/CAPplus fields enhanced with simultaneous left and right
truncation
NEWS 8 SEP 25 CA(SM)/CAPplus(SM) display of CA Lexicon enhanced
NEWS 9 SEP 25 CAS REGISTRY(SM) no longer includes Concord 3D coordinates
NEWS 10 SEP 25 CAS REGISTRY(SM) updated with amino acid codes for pyrrolysine
NEWS 11 SEP 28 CEABA-VTB classification code fields reloaded with new
classification scheme
NEWS 12 OCT 19 LOGOFF HOLD duration extended to 120 minutes
NEWS 13 OCT 19 E-mail format enhanced
NEWS 14 OCT 23 Option to turn off MARPAT highlighting enhancements available
NEWS 15 OCT 23 CAS Registry Number crossover limit increased to 300,000 in
multiple databases
NEWS 16 OCT 23 The Derwent World Patents Index suite of databases on STN
has been enhanced and reloaded
NEWS 17 OCT 30 CHEMLIST enhanced with new search and display field

NEWS EXPRESS JUNE 30 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01b, CURRENT
MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 26 JUNE 2006.

NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS IPC8 For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8
NEWS X25 X.25 communication option no longer available

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that
specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer
agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific
research. Use for software development or design or implementation
of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may
result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

* * * * * STN Columbus * * * * *

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:35:33 ON 02 NOV 2006

=> file medline embase biosis
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| 0.21 | 0.21 |

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:35:57 ON 02 NOV 2006

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:35:57 ON 02 NOV 2006
Copyright (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:35:57 ON 02 NOV 2006
Copyright (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation

=> s ADESH

L1 0 ADESH

=> s (naja(w)naja or venom(w)ngf or venom(w)nerve(w)growth(w)factor)

L2 3542 (NAJA(W) NAJA OR VENOM(W) NGF OR VENOM(W) NERVE(W) GROWTH(W)
FACTOR)

=> s (naja(w)naja) and venom(w)ngf or venom(w)nerve(w)growth(w)factor)

UNMATCHED RIGHT PARENTHESIS 'FACTOR)'

The number of right parentheses in a query must be equal to the
number of left parentheses.

=> s (naja(w)naja) and (venom(w)ngf or venom(w)nerve(w)growth(w)factor)

L3 12 (NAJA(W) NAJA) AND (VENOM(W) NGF OR VENOM(W) NERVE(W) GROWTH(W)
FACTOR)

=> dup rem l3

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3

L4 7 DUP REM L3 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> dis ibib abs l4 1-7

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 7 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:133591 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000133591

TITLE: Detection of nerve growth factor (NGF) in venoms from
diverse source: Isolation and characterization of NGF from
the venom of honey bee (*Apis mellifera*).

AUTHOR(S): Lipps, Binie V. [Reprint author]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Ophidia Products, Inc., 11320 South Post Oak, Suite 203,
Houston, TX, 77035, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Natural Toxins, (Feb., 2000) Vol. 9, No. 1, pp.
13-19. print.
ISSN: 1058-8108.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 12 Apr 2000

Last Updated on STN: 4 Jan 2002

AB Pearce (1973) reported the absence of NGF in the venoms of bees,
scorpions, spiders, and toads. Contrary to the negative findings in the
past, results of this research prove the presence of NGF in bee and
scorpion venoms. Venoms from various species of snake, bee, scorpion, and
toad were screened by two methods: immunological test ELISA using
antibodies versus mouse NGF and venom NGF and the
biological test of neurite outgrowth, the characteristic of NGF on PC
cells. The presence of NGF was detected in snake, bee, and scorpion
venoms, but not in toad venom by these tests. NGF was isolated from bee
venom by HPLC fractionation using ion exchange chromatography. The
molecular weight of bee NGF was found to be 14.0 kDa resolving into a
single band by PAGE. The biological activity of bee NGF on PC12 cells was
found to be 1/10 of the venom NGF.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 7 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights
reserved on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999011704 EMBASE

TITLE: Purification and characterization of a novel NGF from Chinese cobra (*Naja naja atra*) venom.
AUTHOR: Xiao-Biao L.; Gong-Shan L.; Yu-Yan S.
CORPORATE SOURCE: L. Xiao-Biao, Snake Venom Research Institute, Guangxi Medical University, Nanning, Guangxi 530021, China
SOURCE: Journal of Toxicology - Toxin Reviews, (1998) Vol. 17, No. 4, pp. 537-545. .
Refs: 19
ISSN: 0731-3837 CODEN: JTTRD
COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Conference Article
FILE SEGMENT: 008 Neurology and Neurosurgery
030 Pharmacology
037 Drug Literature Index
052 Toxicology
LANGUAGE: English
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 15 Jan 1999
Last Updated on STN: 15 Jan 1999

AB Nerve Growth Factor (NGF) was demonstrated to play an important role in the neuron system; it was required for the development, maintenance, and differentiation of neuron. NGF was purified from the venom of Chinese cobra (*Naja naja atra*) by the gel filtration on a Sephadex G-50 column, followed by ion-exchange DEAE Cellulose D52 and CM Sepharose CL-6B column chromatography, and then by FPLC on Superose 12 column. The purified NGF was shown to be homogeneous in SDS-PAGE. In vitro, it possessed the biological activity on inducing the neurites growth of the cultured dorsal root ganglia of chicken embryos. Its molecular weight was estimated to be about 23,000 D. The isoelectric point was near 9.2. It was a glucoprotein containing 0.15% neutral hexose. We determined its terminal amino acid sequence, N-NVDFNSESTR, C-IIGNA. In this report, we also discussed the difference in characterizations between this NGF and other Elapidae venom NGFs.

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 7 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:399461 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199800399461
TITLE: Biological and immunological properties of nerve growth factor from snake venoms.
AUTHOR(S): Lipps, Binie V. [Reprint author]
CORPORATE SOURCE: Ophidia Products Inc., 11320 South Post Oak, Suite 203, Houston, TX 77035, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Natural Toxins, (June, 1998) Vol. 7, No. 2, pp. 121-130. print.
ISSN: 1058-8108.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 10 Sep 1998
Last Updated on STN: 10 Sep 1998

AB Homogeneous preparation of nerve growth factor (NGF) was isolated in purity by two steps HPLC fractionation from venoms of snakes belonging to the major families: Crotalidae, Elapidae, and Viperidae. Biological activity of NGF was tested on PC12 cells for neurite outgrowth and molecular weights were determined by PAGE. Antisera raised against NGFs in Balb/C mice. Immunological cross reactivity for antisera was assayed by ELISA and immunoprecipitin tests. HPLC profiles for the venoms from the species belonging to the same family were identical. The biological and immunological properties of NGFs from different species of snake belonging to the same family were also found to be identical. However, NGFs of venoms from different families of snakes showed differences in properties. Neurite outgrowth on PC12 cells due to NGF from the family Elapidae, especially the cobra species, was greater than NGF from the venoms of Crotalidae and Viperidae, with the exception of *N. n. nivea*

which showed poor activity and *C. potystictus* of Crotalidae family having very good activity.

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 7 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1
ACCESSION NUMBER: 96151320 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 8599177
TITLE: Nerve growth factor from the venom of the Chinese cobra
Naja naja atra: purification and
description of non-neuronal activities.
AUTHOR: Kostiza T; Dahinden C A; Rihs S; Otten U; Meier J
CORPORATE SOURCE: Pentapharm Ltd, Basel, Switzerland.
SOURCE: Toxicon : official journal of the International Society on
Toxinology, (1995 Oct) Vol. 33, No. 10, pp. 1249-61.
Journal code: 1307333. ISSN: 0041-0101.
PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199604
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 6 May 1996
Last Updated on STN: 3 Feb 1997
Entered Medline: 19 Apr 1996

AB Nerve growth factor (NGF) was separated from crude Naja
naja atra venom by using weak cation-exchange chromatography,
followed by reversed-phase liquid chromatography. The yield of the
purification was 0.2-0.5% (w/w). The mol. wt was determined to be 13,600
and the protein still induced the typical fibre outgrowth of cultured
PC-12 cells in a concentration range of 5-10 ng/ml. Beside this neuronal
effect we demonstrated non-neuronal effects of cobra venom
NGF, such as induction of plasma extravasation and histamine
release from whole blood cells. With human leucocyte preparations,
including enriched basophils, there was an increase in C5a-induced
histamine release, whereas NGF alone was inactive. Cobra NGF was
one-tenth as potent as human recombinant NGF, with a half-maximal
stimulation occurring at 10 ng/ml. Cobra NGF and human recombinant NGF
showed a modulatory effect on histamine release comparable to the
haematopoietic growth factor IL-3. Thus, the non-neuronal effects of
cobra NGF may account for immunomodulatory activities during inflammatory
events.

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 7 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:240816 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199140114981; BR40:114981
TITLE: PURIFICATION OF COBRA VENOM NERVE
GROWTH FACTOR.
AUTHOR(S): KOSTIZA T [Reprint author]; MEIER J; OTTEN U
CORPORATE SOURCE: PENTAPHARM AG, ENGELGASSE 109, CH-4002 BASEL
SOURCE: Revue Suisse de Zoologie, (1990) Vol. 97, No. 4, pp. 809.
Meeting Info.: ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SWISS ZOOLOGICAL
SOCIETY ON PARASITES IN BIOLOGICAL SYSTEMS, BASEL,
SWITZERLAND, APRIL 6-7, 1990. REV SUISSE ZOOL.
CODEN: RSZOA6. ISSN: 0035-418X.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)
FILE SEGMENT: BR
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 21 May 1991
Last Updated on STN: 21 May 1991

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 7 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 2
ACCESSION NUMBER: 88122153 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 2448608
TITLE: Monoclonal antibodies against Vipera lebetina venom
nerve growth factor cross-react
with other snake venom nerve

growth factors.

AUTHOR: Arumae U; Siigur J; Neuman T; Saarma M

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Molecular Genetics, Academy of Sciences of the Estonian SSR.

SOURCE: Molecular immunology, (1987 Dec) Vol. 24, No. 12, pp. 1295-302.

Journal code: 7905289. ISSN: 0161-5890.

PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 198803

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 8 Mar 1990

Last Updated on STN: 8 Mar 1990

Entered Medline: 3 Mar 1988

AB Nerve growth factor (NGF) was isolated from the venom of *Vipera lebetina* and was purified to homogeneity as judged by SDS gel electrophoresis. The biologically active NGF was used to immunize BALB/c mouse, and the spleen cells from immunized mouse were fused with mouse PAI myeloma cells. Forty-seven hybrid cell lines, secreting monoclonal antibodies to V. lebetina NGF, were isolated and nine of them purified from ascitic fluids. The isolated antibodies define two partially overlapping epitopes of the V. lebetina NGF which are not involved in the biological activity of the molecule. Both epitopes are also present on the beta-NGF from the mouse salivary gland and on the NGFs from the following snake venoms: V. lebetina, V. ursini, V. berus berus, *Echis carinatus*, *Bungarus caeruleus*, *Agkistrodon halys*, *Naja naja oxiana*, *Naja naja atra* and *Naja naja*, but not on the bovine seminal plasma NGF. The mol. wts of the NGFs in these snake venoms were determined by Western immunoblot with monoclonal antibodies. The mol. wts of the NGFs from V. ursini (37,000), E. carinatus (36,000, 44,000) and A. halys (29,000) were determined for the first time.

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 7 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 87302963 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 3621902

TITLE: Monoclonal antibody immunoaffinity chromatography of the nerve growth factor from snake venoms.

AUTHOR: Siigur J; Arumae U; Neuman T; Siigur E; Saarma M

SOURCE: Comparative biochemistry and physiology. B, Comparative biochemistry, (1987) Vol. 87, No. 2, pp. 329-34.

Journal code: 2984730R. ISSN: 0305-0491.

PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 198710

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 5 Mar 1990

Last Updated on STN: 5 Mar 1990

Entered Medline: 22 Oct 1987

AB 1. Pure monoclonal antibodies to *Vipera lebetina* venom nerve growth factor have been isolated by affinity chromatography using CNBr-agarose bound antigen. 2. Nerve growth factors from ten snake venoms (*Vipera lebetina*, *Vipera russellii*, *Vipera berus berus*, *Vipera ursini*, *Echis carinatus*, *Agkistrodon halys*, *Bungarus caeruleus*, *Naja naja oxiana*, *Naja naja atra*) were purified using monoclonal antibodies against NGF linked to BrCN-activated agarose.

=> FIL STNGUIDE

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| 19.27 | 19.48 |

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 15:42:22 ON 02 NOV 2006
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT
COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, JAPAN SCIENCE
AND TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, AND FACHINFORMATIONSZENTRUM KARLSRUHE

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Oct 27, 2006 (20061027/UP).